## 영어+수학 $A$ 형 ( 40 문항, 70 분)

## 2023희년도 편입희 전형

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}

성명:
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## - 유의사항

1. 문제지에 지망학부(과), 성명, 가번호를 정확히 쓰시오.
2. OMR 답안지에 지망학부(과), 성명, 가번호를 정확히 쓰고, 가번호를 마킹하시오.
3. OMR 답안지는 컴퓨터용 사인펜으로 마킹하고, 답 이외에는 어떠한 표기도 하지 마시오.
4. OMR 답안지의 "문제유형" 란에 A 를 마킹하시오.
5. 시험 종료 후 OMR 답안지와 문제지를 모두 제출하시오.

## 영 어 (1-25)

I. Choose the one that is closest in meaning to the underlined word. (1-9)

1. The downfall of Sam Bankman-Fried and his crypto exchange FTX has become the best-known symbol of crypto's volatility, obliterating personal financial holdings large and small as it crashed and burned.
(1) destroying
(2) disclosing
(3) diversifying
(4) declassifying
2. Critics, however, said any relocation that would require a significant amount of taxpayers' money should not be pursued to appease disgruntled constituents.
(1) discard
(2) ratify
(3) aggravate
(4) mollify
3. Policy makers and leadership developers now admonish both aspiring and practicing educational leaders to base what they do on evidence of "best practice."
(1) disregard
(2) praise
(3) concede
(4) rebuke
4. With an inimitable catalog of priceless memes, cutting one-liners, dramatic reveals and unforgettable reads, Housewives can be a surprisingly effective - and endlessly entertaining - way of taking your mind off everything.
(1) credential
(2) profound
(3) unique
(4) didactic
5. Other enemies and rivals also joined in the attack, and for some time Firdousi's position was very precarious, though his pre-eminent talents and obvious fitness for the work prevented him from losing his post.
(1) preemptive
(2) perilous
(3) sporadic
(4) superficial
6. A man of placid and even phlegmatic temperament, he lived moderately in all things, and sought worldly prosperity only so far as was necessary to give him leisure for his literary work.
(1) tranquil
(2) undaunted
(3) unstable
(4) malignant
7. Something seems to have gone seriously wrong with the subediting and proof-reading of this self-indulgently verbose and misprint-ridden production, which is further flawed by a mis-match between the author's vaulting theoretical ambitions and his scholarly limitations.
(1) succinct
(2) magnificient
(3) garrulous
(4) daunting
8. Contents of the revision bill are tough enough to arouse vehement reaction from private educators and those who advocate full freedom of school foundations.
(1) intersectional
(2) implied
(3) insidious
(4) impetuous
9. Less ideologically charged than affirmative and creative, this poetic resistance enabled a different kind of dialogue.
(1) imprecise
(2) approbatory
(3) afflict
(4) imperturbable
II. Choose one that is either ungrammatical or unacceptable. (10-15)
10. In December 2017 (1) a Chinese technology firm called ByteDance (2) bought Musical.ly, (3) an app which let its young users dance and (4) lip-syncing to music videos.
11. Since Frege, it has been explicitly (1) recognized that (2) isolated terms express a sense but lack specific reference unless (3) embedding in a combinatorial construction roughly (4) corresponding to a proposition.
12. Australia (1) has joined the growing list of countries to implement Covid-19 testing for travelers from China, (2) citing a lack of information from China (3) followed its relaxation of measures (4) designed to slow the spread of the virus.
13. (1) From asking for help (2) to developing mentoring relationships, engaging authority figures in academic contexts - a form of dominant cultural capital - is a mechanism (3) which youth gain (4) access to institutional support and resources.
14. The professional provocateur, (1) naming one of the most influential politicians, (2) astonished people by declaring that she (3) would run (4) for the next US president.
15. Since Catherine was very busy (1) making a plan for the next project, she has to (2) be accustomed herself to (3) eating fast food (4) such as chips and sandwiches.
III. Choose the one that is most suitable for the blank. (16-19)
16. Instead of starting with linguistic forms and then asking how these are distributed across speakers, sociolinguists should start with a group of speakers and their cultural notions to $\qquad$ what sets of linguistic features alternate meaningfully in their speech events.
(1) disdain
(2) discern
(3) dislodge
(4) dissipate
17. Galileo's publication of the result was banned by the church authorities in Rome, he was imprisoned and was made to $\qquad$ by the Inquisition.
(1) recant
(2) recite
(3) disgrace
(4) disorder
18. The bill on species at risk the Liberals have now introduced will $\qquad$ and divide stakeholders far more than it will unite them.
(1) rejuvenate
(2) regress
(3) encapsulate
(4) polarize
19. My parents loved the $\qquad$ old neighborhood which had a serene public park, but it looked pretty boring to me.
(1) tenacious
(2) implicit
(3) pensive
(4) sedate

## IV. Read the following passage and answer the questions.

 (20-22)In the early part of the 20th century, life expectancy increased as vaccines, antibiotics, and better medical care saved more children from premature death and effectively treated infections. Once cured, people who had been sick largely returned to their normal, healthy lives without residual disabilities. Since 1960, however, increases in longevity have been achieved mainly by extending the lives of people over 60. Rather than saving more young people, we are stretching out old age.
The American immortal desperately wants to believe in the "compression of morbidity." Developed in 1980 by James F. Fries, now a professor emeritus of medicine at Stanford, this theory postulates that as we extend our life spans into the 80 s and 90 s, we will be living healthier lives - more time before we have disabilities, and fewer disabilities overall. The claim is that with longer life, an ever smaller proportion of our lives will be spent in a state of decline.
Compression of morbidity is a quintessentially American idea. It tells us exactly what we want to believe: that we will live longer lives and then abruptly die with hardly any aches, pains, or physical deterioration - the morbidity traditionally associated with growing old. It promises a kind of fountain of youth until the ever-receding time of death. It is this dream - or fantasy - that drives the American immortal and has fueled interest and investment in regenerative medicine and replacement organs.
It is true that compared with their counterparts 50 years ago, seniors today are less disabled and more mobile. But over recent decades, increases in longevity seem to have been accompanied by increases in disability - not decreases. This was confirmed by a recent worldwide assessment of "healthy life expectancy" conducted by the Harvard School of Public Health and the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation at the University of Washington. The researchers included not just physical but also mental disabilities such as depression and dementia. They found not a compression of morbidity but in fact an expansion an "increase in the absolute number of years lost to disability as life expectancy rises."
20. Which of the following is most likely to be inferred from the passage?
(1) 70 is the new 50 because as life has gotten longer, it has gotten healthier.
(2) Americans may live longer than their parents.
(3) Living too long is an absolute loss.
(4) The morbidity is a newly coined term to conceptualize today's life expectancy.
21. Which of the following best describes the organization of the passage?
(1) A critical analysis about the widespread belief of the compression of morbidity
(2) A description of the compression of morbidity and its impact on aging
(3) A historical analysis of aging and health care system in the United States
(4) An analysis of the pros and cons of the compression of morbidity
22. Why does the author mention the "compression of morbidity" in the second paragraph?
(1) To provide an in-depth analysis of the American immortal
(2) To provide a contextualized example of aging and health cares
(3) To introduce a worldwide assessment of "healthy life expectancy"
(4) To inform medical professionals the importance of regenerative medicine
V. Read the following passage and answer the questions. (23-25)

As discussed above, Space Sweepers can be positioned in a transnational mediascape that engages both local and global dimensions. Because the film is set in spaceships and satellites orbiting around Earth, the most visible elements that mark it as Korean are the actors playing the main characters, the predominantly Korean dialogue, the Korean flag on their spaceship, local landmarks in the dystopian cityscape, and such cultural elements as the Korean card game hwatu.

In contrast, the presence of non-Korean characters speaking in various languages is the most overt indication of marked transnationality. In Space Sweepers, everyone speaks in their native tongue. The sovereign power of nation states seems negligible, but remnants of national identities and cultures survive in the form of language. Most of the dialogue is in Korean, but numerous characters converse in English, Chinese, Russian, Arabic,

French, Danish, Tagalog, and Nigerian pidgin, instead of sharing a common language. Accordingly, the cast comprises actors with diverse national backgrounds. In addition to the British actor Richard Armitage, who plays the main villain, this film features Indian actor Anupam Tripathi (known for his role in Squid Game), American actor Kevin Dockry, Mexican actress Carla Fernanda Avilla Escobedo, and many others. Space Sweepers thus presents a postnational setting that is portrayed as multicultural and multilingual by having characters from different ethnic groups communicate in various languages thanks to a translation device.

Even though nation-states and cultural differences have become all but obsolete, linguistic differences have somehow survived. This depiction of a
$\qquad$ environment is meaningful in its rarity not only in Korean cinema but also in other national cinemas (Another exception is the Chinese science fiction film, The Wandering Earth, in which each character speaks their own language). Space Sweepers envisions an alternative universe that deviates from future societies depicted in most Hollywood science fiction films that present English as the dominant language of a global future, thereby perpetuating its linguistic and cultural hegemony. Even in films that feature mixed-nationality casting, linguistic homogeneity is retained by having the characters communicate mostly in English, as in Sunshine (2007) and Cloud Atlas (2012) (The latter includes a few scenes with characters speaking in Korean and a post-apocalyptic form of pidgin English).
23. Which of the following is most likely to be inferred from the passage?
(1) Due to dialogues in various languages, Space Sweeper portrays different environment of Sci-fi film from that of Hollywood Sci-fi films.
(2) The South Korean film could have drawn more attention if they had used more English dialogues spoken by various ethnic castings.
(3) Non-Korean characters play smaller roles in the film than other Korean films due to their language barrier resulted from Sci-fi genre convention.
(4) The success of Space Sweepers could be possible due to developed CGI technology by Korean film industry.
24. Which of the following would be the the most appropriate title for the passage?
(1) Multi-ethnic characters in Space Sweepers
(2) English and hegemony of Hollywood films
(3) Multilingual environment in postnational space
(4) Rising of South Korean Sci-fi films
25. Choose the one that is most suitable for the blank in terms of context at the passage.
(1) multi-ethnic
(2) polyglot
(3) transnational
(4) postmodern

## 수 학 (26-40)

26. 행렬 $A$ 가 $3 \times 3$ 정칙행렬(nonsingular matrix)이고, $\operatorname{adj} A$ 는 행렬 $A$ 의 수반행렬(딸림행렬: adjoint matrix)이다. 다음 중 옳은 것을 모두 고르시오. 단, $k$ 는 실수이다.
(가) $\operatorname{det}(\operatorname{adj} \boldsymbol{A})=(\operatorname{det} \boldsymbol{A})^{2}$
(나) $\operatorname{adj}(k \boldsymbol{A})=k \operatorname{adj}(\boldsymbol{A})$
(다) $\operatorname{det}(\operatorname{adj}(k \boldsymbol{A}))=k^{6} \operatorname{det}(\operatorname{adj} \boldsymbol{A})$
(1) (가)
(2) (나)
(3) (가), (나)
(4) (가), (다)
27. 다음 중 옳지 않은 것을 고르시오.
(1) 미분방정식 $y^{\prime \prime}-4 y^{\prime}+4 y=x+1+e^{x}$ 의 연계 제차방정식은 $e^{2 x}$ 와 $x e^{2 x}$ 를 해로 가지고, 주어진 비제차 방정식은 $x+1+e^{x}$ 를 특수해로 가진다.
(2) 미분방정식 $y^{\prime \prime \prime}+y^{\prime \prime}=0$ 은 $2 x+3 e^{-x}$ 가 해인 상수 계수 선형 제차방정식 중 가장 계수(order)가 낮은 방정식이다.
(3) 미분방정식 $(1+x) y^{\prime \prime}+x y^{\prime}-y=0$ 은 $c_{1} x+c_{2} e^{-x}$ 를 일반해로 가진다.
(4) 미분방정식 $y^{(4)}-y^{\prime \prime}=4 x$ 는 $y=-\frac{2}{3}\left(1+x+x^{3}+e^{x}+e^{-x}\right)$ 을 하나의 해로 가진다.
28. 적분방정식

$$
f(t)=\frac{1}{2} t-\frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{t}\left(e^{\tau}-e^{-\tau}\right) f(t-\tau) d \tau
$$

을 만족하는 $f(t)$ 에 대해서 $f(1)$ 의 값을 구하시오.
(1) $\frac{3}{12}$
(2) $\frac{5}{12}$
(3) $\frac{7}{12}$
(4) $\frac{11}{12}$
29. 점 $(-1,0)$ 에서 시작하여, $(-2,0),(-1,-1)$, $(-2,-3),(0,-2),(2,-3),(1,-1),(2,0)$, $(1,0)$ 까지를 선분으로 차례로 잇는 경로 $C$ 에 대해, $\int_{C} \frac{-y d x+x d y}{x^{2}+y^{2}}$ 을 구하시오.

(1) 0
(2) $\frac{\pi}{2}$
(3) $\pi$
(4) $2 \pi$
30. 곡면 $S$ 는 원뿔면 $z=\sqrt{x^{2}+y^{2}}$ 과 평면 $z=1$ 로 둘러싸인 입체의 표면이다. 벡터장 $\mathrm{F}=x y^{2} \mathbf{i}+y^{3} \mathbf{j}+y^{2} z \mathrm{k}$ 의 곡면 $S$ 의 바깥 방향으로의 유량(flux) $\iint_{S} \mathrm{~F} \cdot \mathrm{n} d S$ 와 같은 것을 고르시오.
(1) $\int_{0}^{2 \pi} \sin ^{2} \theta d \theta \int_{0}^{1}\left(5 r^{3}-5 r^{4}\right) d r$
(2) $\int_{0}^{2 \pi} \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \int_{0}^{\sec \phi} 5 \rho^{2} \sin ^{2} \phi \sin ^{2} \theta d \rho d \phi d \theta$
(3) $\int_{-1}^{1} \int_{-\sqrt{1-x^{2}}}^{\sqrt{1-x^{2}}} \int_{\sqrt{x^{2}+y^{2}}}^{1}\left(x y^{2}+y^{3}+y^{2} z\right) d z d y d x$
(4) $\frac{\pi}{8}$
31. 극좌표에서 곡선 $r^{2}=\cos 2 \theta$ 의 외부이면서 곡선 $r=2 \cos \theta$ 의 내부인 영역의 면적을 구하시오.
(1) $\pi$
(2) $\pi-\frac{1}{2}$
(3) $\pi+\frac{1}{2}$
(4) $\frac{\pi}{2}+\frac{1}{2}$
32. 다음 3 개의 무한급수 중 수렴하는 급수의 개수를 구하시오.
(가) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty}\left(\frac{n}{n+1}\right)^{n}$
(나) $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty}\left(\frac{\ln n}{n^{2}}+\frac{1}{n(\ln n)^{2}}\right)$
(다) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty}\left(\frac{(-1)^{n}}{\cosh n}+\frac{\sin n}{n \sqrt{n}}\right)$
(1) 0 개
(2) 1 개
(3) 2 개
(4) 3 개
33. $f(x)=\int_{0}^{x} e^{-t^{2}} d t$ 일 때, $f^{(23)}(0)$ 의 값을 구하시오.
(1) 0
(2) $-\frac{22!}{11!}$
(3) $\frac{23!}{11!}$
(4) $-\frac{23!}{11!}$
34. $f(x)=x^{\cos x}, x>0$ 일 때 $x=\frac{\pi}{2}$ 에서의 도함수의 값 $f^{\prime}\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ 를 구하시오.
(1) $\ln 2-\ln \pi$ (2) $\ln \pi-\ln 2$ (3) $\ln \pi+\ln 2$ (4) $-\ln \pi-\ln 2$
35. $x \geq 1$ 에서 정의된 함수 $f(x)$ 가 $f(1)=1$ 이고
$f^{\prime}(x)=\frac{1}{x^{2}+(f(x))^{2}}$ 을 만족할 때, 다음 $f(x)$ 의 성질 중 옳은 것의 개수를 구하시오.
(가) $f^{\prime}(x) \leq \frac{1}{1+x^{2}}$ 을 만족한다
(나) $f(x)=1+\int_{1}^{x} f^{\prime}(t) d t$ 이다
(다) $\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) \leq 1+\frac{\pi}{4}$ 이다
(1) 0 개
(2) 1 개
(3) 2 개
(4) 3 개
36. 다음 중 적분의 계산이 잘못된 것을 고르시오.
(1) $\int_{1}^{2}(\ln x)^{2} d x=2(\ln 2)^{2}-4 \ln 2+2$
(2) $\int_{0}^{\infty} x^{5} e^{-x} d x=120$
(3) $\int_{0}^{3} \frac{1}{(x-1)^{2}} d x=-\frac{3}{2}$
(4) $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi^{2}}{4}} \sin \sqrt{x} d x=2$
37. 곡선 $y=\cosh x, 0 \leq x \leq 1$ 을 $x$ 축을 중심으로 회전하여 얻은 곡면의 면적을 구하시오.
(1) $2 \pi \sinh 1$
(2) $\frac{\pi}{2}\left(e^{2}-e^{-2}+4\right)$
(3) $\pi\left(e-e^{-1}\right)$
(4) $\pi\left(\frac{\sinh 2}{2}+1\right)$
38. $R$ 이 $y=x, y=3 x, x y=1, x y=3$ 을 경계로 하는 제 1 사분면의 영역일 때, 이중적분 $\iint_{R} x y d A$ 를 구하시오.
(1) $2 \ln 2$
(2) $2 \ln 3$
(3) $3 \ln 2$
(4) $4 \ln 3$

## 자 연 $\mathbf{A}$

39. 윗변과 아랫변의 온도가 0, 왼쪽 변과 오른쪽 변의 온도가 처음에 주어진 대로 유지되는 직사각형 판의 각 점에서 평형 상태의 온도 $u(x, y)$ 는 다음과 같이 주어진다.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial x^{2}}+\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial y^{2}}=0,0<x<a, 0<y<b \\
& u(x, 0)=0, u(x, b)=0,0<x<a \\
& u(0, y)=F(y), u(a, y)=G(y), 0<y<b
\end{aligned}
$$

이를 만족하는 해의 형태는
$u(x, y)=\sum_{n=1}^{\infty}\left(A_{n} \cosh \frac{n \pi x}{b}+B_{n} \sinh \frac{n \pi x}{b}\right) \sin \frac{n \pi y}{b}$ 이다.
다음 중 옳지 않은 것을 고르시오.
(1) $A_{n}=\frac{2}{b} \int_{0}^{b} F(y) \sin \frac{n \pi y}{b} d y$
(2) $F(y)=\sin \frac{3 \pi y}{b}$ 이면 $A_{3}=1$ 이고 $n \neq 3$ 에 대해

$$
A_{n}=0 \text { 이다. }
$$

(3) $G(y)=0$ 이면 모든 $n$ 에 대해 $B_{n}=0$ 이다.
(4) $F(y)=0, G(y)=\sin \frac{3 \pi y}{b}$ 이면 $B_{3}=\frac{1}{\sinh \frac{3 \pi a}{b}}$ 이고 $n \neq 3$ 에 대해 $B_{n}=0$ 이다.
40. (가)~(다) 중 변수 치환에 의해 식이 옳게 변형된 것의 개수를 구하시오.
(가) $x=e^{t}$ 에 의해 $a x^{2} \frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+b x \frac{d y}{d x}+c y=0$ 은 $a \frac{d^{2} y}{d t^{2}}+(b-a) \frac{d y}{d t}+c y=0$ 으로 변형 (단, $a, b, c$ 는 상수)
(나) $x=r \cos \theta, y=r \sin \theta$ 에 의해 $\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial x^{2}}+\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial y^{2}}=0$ 는 $\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial r^{2}}+\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r}+\frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial \theta^{2}}=0$ 으로 변형
(다) $\xi=x+a t, \eta=x-a t$ 에 의해 $a^{2} \frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial x^{2}}=\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial t^{2}}$ 은 $\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial \eta \partial \xi}=0$ 으로 변형 (단, $a \neq 0$ )
(1) 0 개
(2) 1 개
(3) 2 개
(4) 3 개

